

## Why Do I Need A Fly Killer?

According to the 'Food Hygiene Regulations 2006', it is legal requirement for all businesses to Implement a food hygiene plan based on the HACCP principles.

This means that all businesses who manufacture, prepare and store food are required to have appropriate fly killers, screens and doors in place to protect the food.

## How Do Fly Killers Work?

The flies are attracted to the UV light, and are either 'zapped' by the killing grid, or get stuck to the Glueboard.

There are 3 types of Fly Killers:

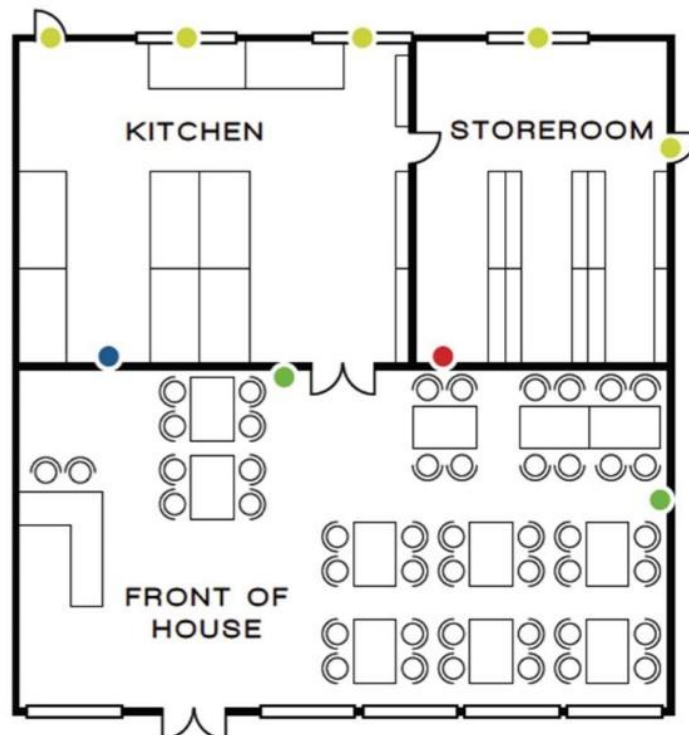
1. Electric—flies are zapped by a high voltage and caught in a tray.
2. Glueboard—flies get stuck to the sticky surface
3. Decorative—Used in front of house situations—uses Glueboards.

## Which Fly Killer Do I Need?

### FLYMAP

#### INSECT CONTROL

- Killing Grid - Backroom
- Glueboard - Sensitive area
- Decorative - Front of house
- Preventative - External protection



## How To Position Your Fly Killer

Every application is unique, so each situation requires an individual assessment for fly killer siting, however, there are basic principals that should be followed:

1. Recommend enough Electric Fly Killers to cover the area to be protected in line with the recommended coverage guidelines for each model.
2. Install Electric Fly Killers away from sources of light competition, such as windows, doors and high powered luminaires.
3. Consider sources of heat and airflow, such as heaters / AC units.
4. Don't install Electric Fly Killers directly above sensitive areas, such as food preparation areas.
5. Glueboard units should be used in sensitive applications such as food preparation or production areas.
6. Consider access for installation and future servicing.
7. Wherever possible, fly killers should be positioned at 90° to sources of natural light, such as windows, doors and skylights.
8. Fly killers should be positioned in between potential entry points, so as to intercept flying insects before they reach sensitive areas.
9. Fly killers should not be sited either too high or too low in the area to be protected, with an optimum height of around 2m, for most flying insect species.

## Replacement Tubes & Glueboards

**Glueboards**— need to be changed every 6 weeks.

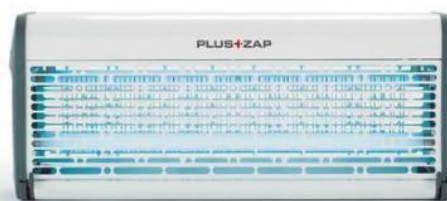
**UV Tubes**— need to be changed every 12 months. They continue to glow indefinitely, however after approximately 8,000 hours the amount of useful UV drops to a level where it is no longer attractive to flying insects.

They also come in a shatterproof option, which ensures that any glass shards are contained. These are ideal for areas that operate a 'glass free policy'.

Decorative Fly Killer



Electric Fly Killer



Glueboard Fly Killer

